

# Evaluation of PED areas- methods and first findings

## Making City Mid-Term Event



Klaus Käsälä, Technical Research Centre  
of Finland



This project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement n°824418. The content of this presentation reflects only the author's view. The European Commission and INEA are not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

# Evaluation methods

- ▶ Evaluation is based on comparing data from the PED areas to the data obtained from modeling and data from reference buildings
- ▶ In modeling both *Building Stock Models (BSM)* and *Energy Systems Models (ESM)* can be used
- ▶ In a single building level VTT's E-PASS tool is used as well
- ▶ In renovated buildings the data from the time before renovation is also used in evaluation

# Evaluation methods: KEY parameters

- ▶ The table indicates data based evaluation parameters
- ▶ These will be collected from PED area buildings for evaluation and reporting during two years evaluation period

E1: Final energy consumption

E2: Primary energy consumption

E5: RES production

F1: System flexibility for energy players

F2: RES storage usage

F3: Peak load reduction



This project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement n°824418. The content of this presentation reflects only the author's view. The European Commission and INEA are not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.



# KEY parameters: a closer look

- ▶ E1: Final energy consumption; values
  - ▶ kWh/month; kWh/year; kWh/m<sup>2</sup>month; kWh/ m<sup>2</sup>year
- ▶ E2: Primary energy consumption
  - ▶ kWh/month; kWh/year; kWh/m<sup>2</sup>month; kWh/ m<sup>2</sup>year
- ▶ E5: RES (Renewable Energy Sources) production
  - ▶ kWh/month; kWh/year; % of the final energy consumption
- ▶ F1: System flexibility for energy players

% kWh; Likert scale

# KEY parameters: a closer look

- ▶ F2: RES storage usage

- ▶ % kWh

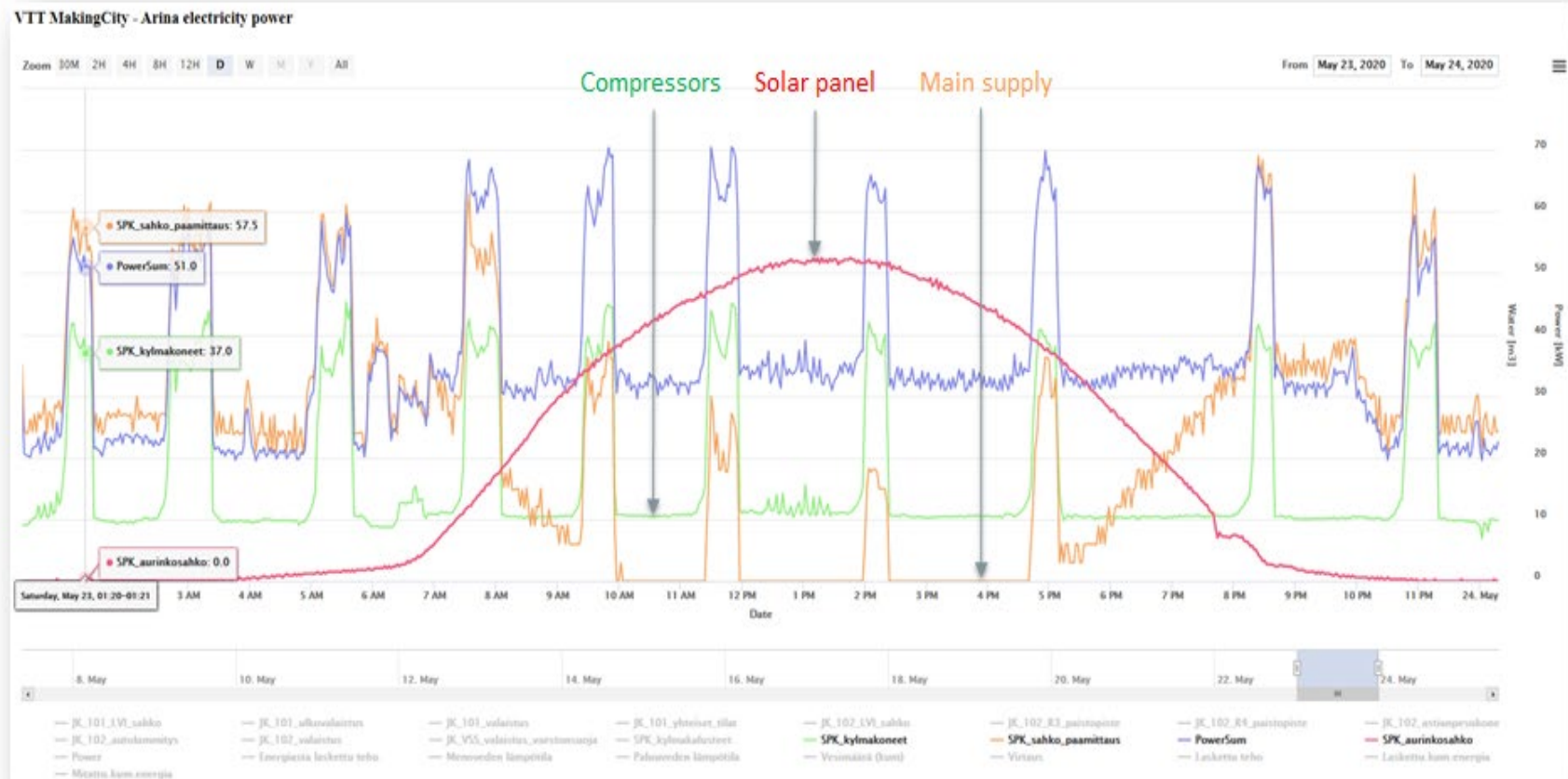
- ▶ F3: Peak load reduction

- ▶ %; # of peaks (congestion), duration of peaks and size of peaks; MHDx maximum hourly deficit

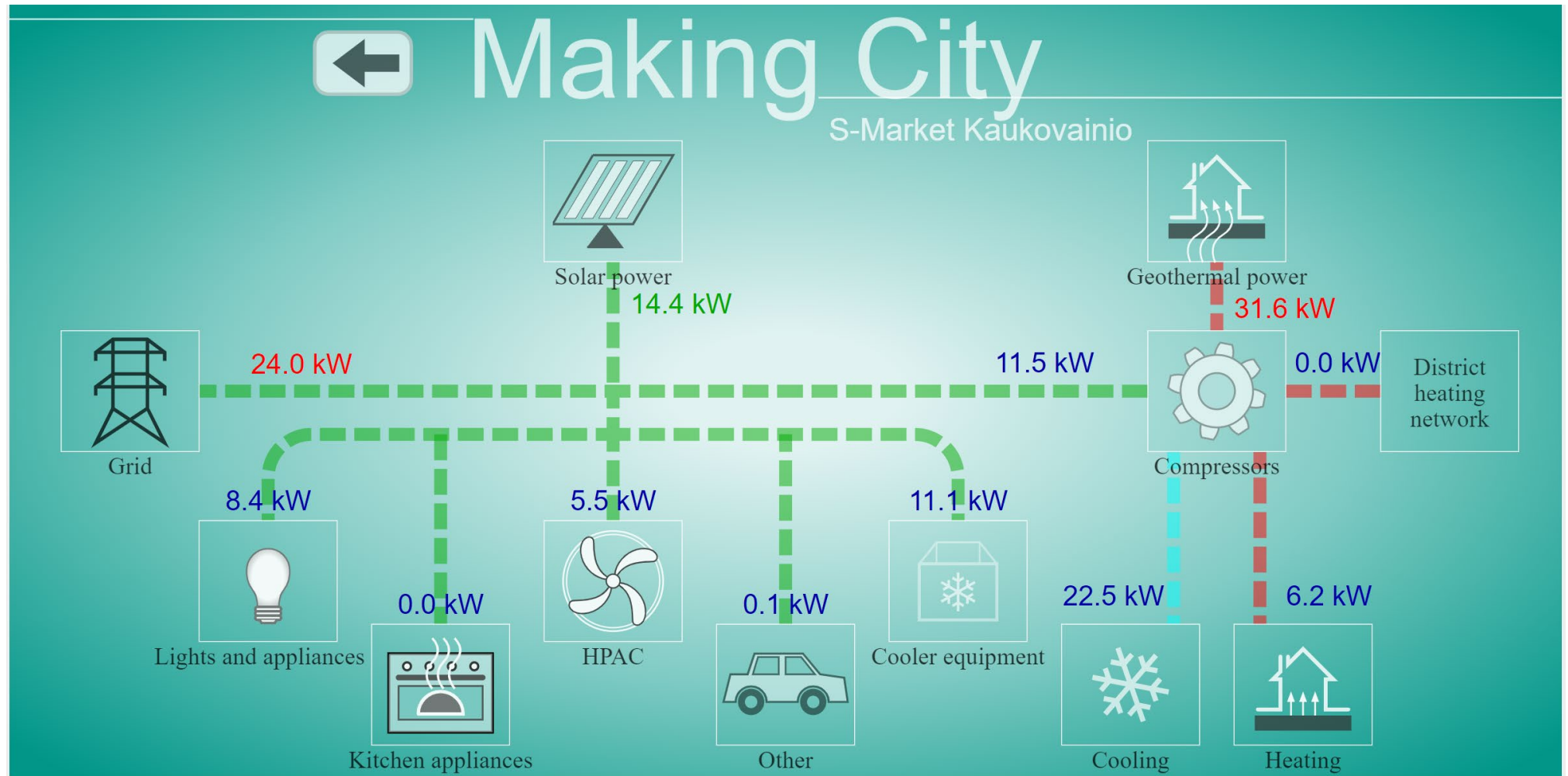
# Some first findings:

- ▶ It seems that the early estimates about the PED area energy balance are not up to the point – there are deviations both in the estimated consumption and production
- ▶ These deviations will be reduced when more accurate modelling tools will be deployed on the area
- ▶ However, also some very positive findings are made as well

# Arina Supermarket: 648 kWh/m<sup>2</sup> reduced to 230 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>



# Hourly energy balance: example





# Sivakka Buildings:

up to 40% reduction in heating  
energy cost



# Thank you

## Get in touch for more information!



All the reports of the project will be available for download on the MAKING CITY website: [www.makingcity.eu](http://www.makingcity.eu)



Project coordinator: Cecilia Sanz Montalvillo, CARTIF

Contact us:



Follow us on Twitter & LinkedIn!  
[@MakingCity\\_EU](#)